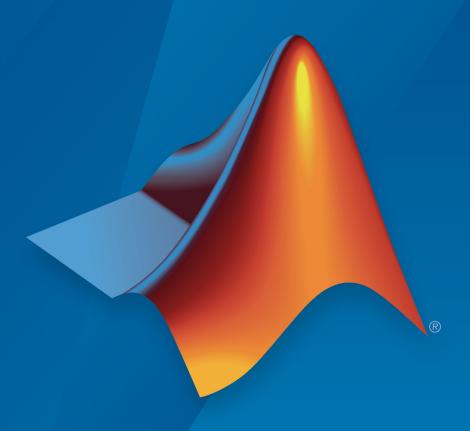
# MATLAB<sup>®</sup> Production Server<sup>™</sup> Dashboard Dashboard User Guide



# MATLAB®



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MATLAB® Production Server<sup>™</sup> Dashboard User's Guide

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# Manage Server Instances

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- "Specify Server Instance License Options" on page 1-21

#### **Create Server Instance**

1 Navigate to the server machine for the new instance.

For example: Servers > localhost

- 2 Select Create New.
- **3** In the **Name** field, enter a name for the instance.
  - The name can be any combination of characters and numbers without spaces.
  - The name indicates the purpose of the server. For example, a server instance
    hosting trading functions for use by east coast traders could be named
    trading east.
  - It must be unique to the server machine.
- 4 In the **Description** field, provide an optional description for the server instance.

The description describes the function of the server instance. For example, the description for trading east may be:

Instance hosting arbitrage functions joe, fred, and arlo. This instance uses strong encryption, and access to the functions is limited to a select group of clients.

5 Click Create.

The new server instance is added to the dashboard in a stopped state. You must manually start it before it can process requests.

**Note** To start your instance, you will need to complete two additional steps:

- 1 Set the MATLAB Runtime location. For more information, see "Set MATLAB Runtime Location" on page 1-4.
- **2** Specify license information. For more information, see "Specify Server Instance License Options" on page 1-21.

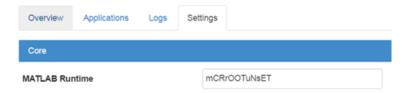
Failure to complete these steps will generate errors.

#### **Set MATLAB Runtime Location**

1 Select the server instance from the leftmost navigation pane.

For example: Servers > localhost > myinstance

- 2 Select the **Settings** tab.
- **3** Expand the **Core** area.



4 Replace the value mCRrOOTuNsET in the field MATLAB Runtime with the location of your MATLAB Runtime.

For example:



- 5 Click Save.
- 6 Start/Restart the server instance.

You will get the following error message if you do not set the location of the MATLAB Runtime:

Instance cannot be started: please update the MATLAB Runtime option in instance settings by replacing the "mcRroOTuNsET" with the full path to MATLAB runtime directory

#### See Also

#### **Related Procedures**

- "Set MATLAB Runtime Location" on page 1-4
- "Specify Server Instance License Options" on page 1-21
- "Start Server Instance" on page 1-5

#### **Set MATLAB Runtime Location**

1 Select the server instance from the leftmost navigation pane.

For example: Servers > localhost > myinstance

- 2 Select the **Settings** tab.
- **3** Expand the **Core** area.



4 Replace the value mcrootunset in the field MATLAB Runtime with the location of your MATLAB Runtime.

#### For example:



- 5 Click Save.
- **6** Start/Restart the server instance.

You will get the following error message if you do not set the location of the MATLAB Runtime:

Instance cannot be started: please update the MATLAB Runtime option in instance settings by replacing the "mCRrOOTuNsET" with the full path to MATLAB runtime directory

#### See Also

#### **Related Procedures**

- "Specify Server Instance License Options" on page 1-21
- "Start Server Instance" on page 1-5

#### **Start Server Instance**

#### In this section...

"Start Server Instance from a Server Information Page" on page 1-5

"Start Server Instance from an Instance Page" on page 1-5

#### Start Server Instance from a Server Information Page

1 From the navigation tree, select the server machine.

For example: Servers > localhost

- **2** Locate the server instance in the instance list.
- **3** Click the green arrow start button in the **Actions** column.

#### For example:



#### Start Server Instance from an Instance Page

- 1 From the navigation tree, select the server instance.
- **2** Click the green arrow start button at the top.

#### For example:



**Note** To start your instance, you will need to complete two additional steps:

1 Set the MATLAB Runtime location. For more information, see "Set MATLAB Runtime Location" on page 1-4.

**2** Specify license information. For more information, see "Specify Server Instance License Options" on page 1-21.

Failure to complete these steps will generate errors.

#### See Also

#### **Related Examples**

- "Set MATLAB Runtime Location" on page 1-4
- "Specify Server Instance License Options" on page 1-21
- "Create Server Instance" on page 1-2
- "Stop Server Instance" on page 1-7

## **Stop Server Instance**

#### In this section...

"Stop Server Instance from a Server Information Page" on page 1-7

"Stop Server Instance from an Instance Page" on page 1-7

#### Stop Server Instance from a Server Information Page

1 From the navigation tree, select the server machine.

For example: Servers > localhost

- **2** Locate the server instance in the instance list.
- **3** Click the orange square stop button in the **Actions** column.

#### Stop Server Instance from an Instance Page

- 1 From the navigation tree, select the server instance.
- **2** Click the orange square stop button on the top.

For example:



#### See Also

#### **Related Procedures**

- "Start Server Instance" on page 1-5
- "Restart Server Instance" on page 1-8
- "Remove Server Instance" on page 1-9

#### **Restart Server Instance**

#### In this section...

"Restart Server Instance from a Server Information Page" on page 1-8

"Restart Server Instance from an Instance Page" on page 1-8

#### Restart Server Instance from a Server Information Page

1 From the navigation tree, select the server machine.

For example: Servers > localhost

- **2** Locate the server instance in the instance list.
- 3 Click the dark gray circle restart button in the **Actions** column.

#### Restart Server Instance from an Instance Page

- 1 From the navigation tree, select the server instance.
- **2** Click the dark gray circle restart button on the top.

For example:



## See Also

#### **Related Procedures**

- "Stop Server Instance" on page 1-7
- "Remove Server Instance" on page 1-9

#### Remove Server Instance

- 1 Ensure that the server instance is stopped.
- **2** From the navigation tree, select the server machine.

#### For example: Servers > localhost

- **3** Locate the server instance in the instance list.
- 4 Click the trash can button in the **Actions** column.

### See Also

#### **Related Procedures**

• "Stop Server Instance" on page 1-7

# **Edit Server Instance Configuration**

- 1 Select the server instance from the navigation pane.
- 2 Select the **Settings** tab.
- **3** Edit the values for configuration settings.
- 4 Click Save.
- **5** Restart the server instance.

Configuration changes do not take effect until the server instance is restarted.

#### See Also

#### **Related Procedures**

# **Enable Security on Server Instance**

To enable a server instance to use HTTPS:

- 1 Select the server instance from the leftmost navigation pane.
- 2 Select the **Settings** tab.
- 3 Open the **Http** area.
- 4 In the **Https** field, enter the port number the server instance will use for receiving requests over HTTPS.
- 5 Click Save.
- **6** Restart the server instance.

#### See Also

https

#### **Related Procedures**

# Configure Client Authentication on Server Instance

To ensure that only trusted clients have access to a server instance, configure the server instance to require client authentication:

- 1 Select the server instance from the leftmost navigation pane.
- 2 Select the **Settings** tab.
- 3 Expand the SSL area.
- 4 Set SSL Verify Peer Mode to verify-peer-require-peer-cert.
- **5** Configure the server instance to use the system-provided CA store, a server-specific CA store, or both.

Use these configuration properties to control the CA stores used by the server instance:

- X509 CA File Store specifies a PEM formatted CA store to authenticate clients.
- X509 Use System Store directs the server instance to use the system's CA store to authenticate clients.

#### Note X509 Use System Store does not work on Windows.

6 Optionally select the **X509 Use CRL** property to configure the server instance to respect any certificate revocation lists (CRLs) in the CA store.

If this property is not specified, the server instance ignores the CRLs and potentially authenticates clients using revoked credentials.

- 7 Click Save.
- **8** Restart the server instance.

**Caution** You must add a CRL list to the server's CA store before selecting the **X509 Use** CRL property. If the CA store does not include a CRL list, the server crashes.

#### See Also

ssl-verify-peer-mode | x509-ca-file-store | x509-use-crl | x509-use-system-store

#### **Related Procedures**

# Adjust Security Protocols and Ciphers Used by Server Instance

By default, MATLAB Production Server instances try to use TLSv1.2 to secure connections between client and server. To change the list of protocols and ciphers available to the server instance:

- 1 Select the server instance from the leftmost navigation pane.
- 2 Select the **Settings** tab.
- 3 Expand the SSL area.
- 4 Set **SSL Protocols** to a comma-separated list of the protocols available to the server instance.

To disable SSL protocols, set the property to TLSv1.

Because SSLv2 and SSLv3 are not included in the list, the server instance does not enable the protocols.

5 Set SSL Ciphers to a comma-separated list of the cipher suites available to the server instance.

To enable only high strength cipher suites, set the property to HIGH.

- 6 Click Save.
- **7** Restart the server instance.

#### See Also

ssl-ciphers | ssl-protocols

#### **Related Procedures**

# Specify Client Access to Applications Deployed on Server Instance

By default, MATLAB Production Server instances allow all clients to access all hosted MATLAB programs. To specify a list of allowed clients:

- 1 Select the server instance from the leftmost navigation pane.
- 2 Select the **Settings** tab.
- 3 Expand the SSL area.
- 4 Set SSL Allowed Client to a comma-separated list of clients that can access the server instance.

Clients are identified by the common name of their certificate.

- 5 Click Save.
- **6** Restart the server instance.

#### See Also

ssl-allowed-clients

#### **Related Procedures**

#### **Control Worker Restarts**

#### In this section...

"Restart Workers Based on Up Time" on page 1-16

"Restart Workers Based on Amount of Memory in Use" on page 1-16

#### Restart Workers Based on Up Time

As worker processes evaluate MATLAB functions, the MATLAB workspace accumulates saved state and other data. This accumulated data can occasionally cause a worker process to fail. One way to avoid random worker failures is to configure the server instances to restart worker processes when they have been running for set period. To do this:

- 1 Select the server instance from the leftmost navigation pane.
- 2 Select the **Settings** tab.
- **3** Expand the **Worker** area.
- 4 Set Worker Restart Interval to the restart interval.

For example, to restart workers at intervals of 1 hour, 15 minutes, 5 seconds set the property to 1:15:05.

- 5 Click Save.
- **6** Restart the server instance.

#### Restart Workers Based on Amount of Memory in Use

As worker processes evaluate MATLAB functions, the MATLAB workspace accumulates saved state and other data. This accumulated data can occasionally cause a worker process to fail. One way to avoid random worker failures is to configure the server instances to restart worker processes when they begin consuming a predefined amount of memory.

To do this, adjust three configuration properties:

- Worker Memory Check Interval Interval at which workers are polled for memory usage
- Worker Restart Memory Limit Size threshold at which to consider restarting a worker

 Worker Restart Memory Limit Interval — Interval for which a worker can exceed its memory limit before restart

To adjust memory-based restart thresholds:

- 1 Select the server instance from the leftmost navigation pane.
- 2 Select the **Settings** tab.
- 3 Expand the Worker area.
- 4 Set Worker Memory Check Interval to a restart interval.

For example, to restart workers at intervals of 1 hour, 15minutes, 5 seconds, set the property to 1:15:05.

- 5 Set Worker Restart Memory Limit to the memory limit at which workers are monitored for possible restart.
  - For example, to consider restarting workers when they consume 1 GB of memory, set the property to 1GB.
- 6 Set Worker Restart Memory Limit Interval to the interval during which a worker can exceed the memory limit.

For example, to restart workers when they exceed the memory limit for 1 hour, set the property to 1:00:00.

- 7 Click Save.
- **8** Restart the server instance.

#### See Also

worker-memory-check-interval | worker-restart-interval | workerrestart-memory-limit | worker-restart-memory-limit-interval

#### **Related Procedures**

# Improve Start Time When Security Is Enabled

When a server instance is configured to use HTTPS, it generates an ephemeral DH key at startup. Generating the DH key at startup provides more security than reading it from a file on disk. However, this can add a couple of minutes to server instance startup time.

If you need the server instance to start without delay and are not concerned about the loss of security, you can configure the server instance to read the ephemeral DH key from a file:

- 1 Select the server instance from the leftmost navigation pane.
- 2 Select the **Settings** tab.
- 3 Expand the SSL area.
- 4 Set SSL DH Key Parameter File to the path of the file containing the DH key.
- 5 Click Save.
- **6** Restart the server instance.

#### See Also

ssl-tmp-dh-param

#### **Related Procedures**

# Manage Log Files

Log data is written to the server instance log file for as long as a specific server instance is active, or until midnight. When the server is restarted, log data is written to an archive log.

You can set parameters that define when the log is archived:

- 1 Select the server instance from the leftmost navigation pane.
- 2 Select the **Settings** tab.
- **3** Expand the **Logging** area.
- 4 Set **Log Severity** to the level of detail stored in the log.

The log level provides levels of information for troubleshooting:

- error Notification of problems or unexpected results.
- warning Events that could lead to problems if unaddressed.
- information High-level information about major server events.
- trace Detailed information about the internal state of the server.

Before you call MathWorks® technical support, you should set logging levels to trace.

5 Set **Log Archive Max Size** to the maximum size of archived log information.

When the combined size of the archive reaches this limit, archived logs are purged until the combined size of the archive is less than the specified size. Oldest archived logs are deleted first.

**6** Set **Log Rotation Size** to the maximum size of the active log.

When the active log reaches this limit, it is archived.

- 7 Click Save.
- **8** Restart the server instance.

#### See Also

log-archive-max-size | log-rotation-size | log-severity

#### **Related Procedures**

# **Specify Server Instance License Options**

- 1 Select the server instance from the leftmost navigation pane.
- 2 Select the **Settings** tab.
- **3** Expand the **License** area.
- 4 Set **License** to the server, license files, or both.

You can specify multiple license servers including port numbers (port\_number@license\_server\_name), as well as license files. List where you want the product to search in order of precedence, using semi-colons (;) as separators on Windows® or colons (:) as separators on Linux®.

For example, on a Linux system, you specify this value for license:

```
27000@hostA:/opt/license/license.dat:27001@hostB:./license.dat
```

The system searches these resources in this order:

- a 27000@hostA: (hostA configured on port 27000)
- **b** /opt/license/license.dat (local license data file)
- **c** 27001@hostB: (hostB configured on port 27001)
- d ./license.dat (local license data file)
- 5 Set License Grace Period to the maximum length of time MATLAB Production Server responds to HTTP requests after the license server heartbeat has been lost.
- **6** Set **License Poll Interval** to the interval of time that must pass:
  - After license server heartbeat has been lost and MATLAB Production Server stops responding to HTTP requests
  - · Before license server is polled, to verify and check out a valid license
- 7 Click Save.
- **8** Restart the server instance.

#### See Also

license | license-grace-period | license-poll-interval

#### **Related Procedures**

# **Monitor Server Instances**

- "Determine Applications Deployed on a Server Instance" on page 2-2
- "Common Error Messages and Resolutions" on page 2-3
- "View Server Instance Performance Metrics" on page 2-4
- "Verify Server Instance Status" on page 2-6
- "Diagnose Corrupt MATLAB Runtime" on page 2-7
- "View Server Instance Log" on page 2-8

# **Determine Applications Deployed on a Server Instance**

To determine the applications deployed on a server instance:

- 1 Select the server instance from the leftmost navigation list.
- 2 Select the Applications tab.

The displayed list includes the following information:

- Base URL URL of the application.
- Application— Name of the application.
- **Deployed On** Date and time when the application was deployed.
- Actions Decide whether to **-Undeploy** or **+Deploy** an application.

#### See Also

#### **Related Procedures**

"Determine Server Instances Where Application is Deployed" on page 3-10

## Common Error Messages and Resolutions

#### In this section...

"(404) Not Found" on page 2-3

"Error: Bad MATLAB Runtime Instance" on page 2-3

"Error: invalid target host or port" on page 2-3

"Error: HTTP error: HTTP/x.x 404 Component not found" on page 2-3

#### (404) Not Found

Commonly caused by requesting a component that is not deployed on the server, or trying to call a function that is not exported by the given component.

Verify that the name of the deployable archive specified in your Uri is the same as the name of the deployable archive hosted in your auto deploy folder.

#### Error: Bad MATLAB Runtime Instance

You are not properly qualifying the path to the MATLAB Runtime. You must include the version number. For example, specify:

C:\Program Files\MATLAB\MATLAB Compiler Runtime\vn.n

not

C:\Program Files\MATLAB\MATLAB Compiler Runtime

#### Error: invalid target host or port

The port number specified has not been properly defined to your computer. Define a valid port and retry the command.

#### Error: HTTP error: HTTP/x.x 404 Component not found

This error can be caused by a number of reasons. Consult the log for further details on the precise cause of the problem.

#### View Server Instance Performance Metrics

- 1 Select the server instance from the leftmost navigation pane.
- 2 Select the **Overview** tab.

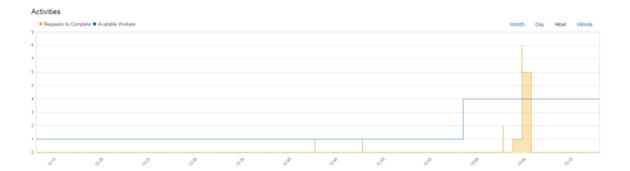
The **Overview** tab displays the following metrics:



**Note** Your performance metrics will be different. The image above is a sample

- **CPU Percentage** Percentage of the server machine's CPU used by the instance. On a multi-core machine, this number can exceed 100% since it reports the cumulative CPU usage from all cores.
- Worker Processes Number of active workers processing requests compared to Maximum Workers configured in the Settings tab of an instance.
- Requests In Queue Number of requests waiting to be completed.
- Memory Amount of memory the instance is using.
- Throughput Request throughput.
- Total Queue Time Total processing latency in seconds.

You can view a plot of the **Requests to Complete** and **Available Workers** over time in the **Activities** graph.



**Note** Your performance metrics will be different. The image above is a sample

**Tip** You can adjust the time scale displayed in the graph.

# See Also

# **Verify Server Instance Status**

#### In this section...

"Verify Server Instance Status From Navigation Tree" on page 2-6

"Verify Server Instance Status From Instance Overview" on page 2-6

#### Verify Server Instance Status From Navigation Tree

- 1 Locate the server instance in the leftmost navigation pane.
- **2** Verify the color of the icon representing the instance.
  - A green icon specifies that the server instance is running
  - · A grey icon specifies that the server instance is stopped

#### Verify Server Instance Status From Instance Overview

- 1 Select the server instance from the leftmost navigation pane.
- 2 Select the Overview tab.
- **3** Verify the status displayed on the top of the page.

#### See Also

#### **Related Procedures**

- "Start Server Instance" on page 1-5
- "Start Server Instance" on page 1-5
- "Stop Server Instance" on page 1-7

# **Diagnose Corrupt MATLAB Runtime**

- 1 Select the server instance from the leftmost navigation pane.
- 2 Select the **Logs** tab.
- **3** Scan the log for the following error message.

```
Dynamic exception type: class std::runtime_error std::exception::what: bad MCR installation: C:\Program Files\MATLAB\MATLAB Compiler Runtime\v902 (C:\Program Files\MATLAB\MATLAB Compiler Runtime\v902\bin\win64\mps worker app could not be found)
```

#### **Tip** You can use the **Search** field to locate the message.

If the MATLAB Runtime is corrupt, you must reinstall it.

#### See Also

#### **Related Procedures**

"Set MATLAB Runtime Location" on page 1-4

# View Server Instance Log

- 1 Select the server instance from the leftmost navigation pane.
- 2 Select the **Logs** tab.

The log displays messages one entry at a time from newest to oldest.

#### See Also

#### **Related Procedures**

• "Manage Log Files" on page 1-19

## Manage MATLAB Applications

- "Relationship Between Deployable Archives and MATLAB Applications" on page 3-2
- "Add MATLAB Application" on page 3-3
- "Deploy MATLAB Application" on page 3-4
- "Undeploy MATLAB Application" on page 3-6
- "Update MATLAB Application" on page 3-8
- "Determine Server Instances Where Application is Deployed" on page 3-10

## Relationship Between Deployable Archives and MATLAB Applications

Deployable archives are the atomic packaging mechanism used by MATLAB Production Server. The Production Server Compiler app, part of the MATLAB Compiler SDK™ product, generates a deployable archive containing compiled MATLAB functions. A MATLAB Production Server instance loads a deployable archive and makes the compiled functions available at a URL containing the name of the archive and the name of the MATLAB function. MATLAB Production Server clients use the name of the deployable archive when evaluating MATLAB functions against a server instance.

The dashboard manages deployed archives using MATLAB applications.

**Note** Client developers must be informed of the name of the application when dashboard is being used so that they can modify the client code to use the correct deployable archive name when invoking functions.

#### See Also

#### **Related Procedures**

- "Add MATLAB Application" on page 3-3
- "Deploy MATLAB Application" on page 3-4
- "Undeploy MATLAB Application" on page 3-6
- "Determine Server Instances Where Application is Deployed" on page 3-10

## Add MATLAB Application

MATLAB Production Server dashboard manages deployable archives in collections called applications. Adding a new application involves uploading a deployable archive. To do this:

- 1 Select **Applications** from the leftmost menu.
- 2 Click the **+Upload** button.
- 3 Click Choose File in the Upload New Archive pop-up.
- **4** In the file browser, select the deployable archive to upload.
- 5 In the **New Application Description** field, provide an optional description for the application.

The description provides additional details about the function of the application. For example, the description for derivative risk may be:

Collection of functions used to asses the risks of a derivative trade. The function 6 Click Upload.

#### See Also

#### Related Procedures

• "Deploy MATLAB Application" on page 3-4

## **Deploy MATLAB Application**

#### In this section...

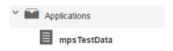
"Deploy MATLAB Application From Applications Page" on page 3-4

"Deploy MATLAB Application From Instance Page" on page 3-4

#### **Deploy MATLAB Application From Applications Page**

1 Select the application from the leftmost menu.

#### For example:



2 Click the + button.

#### For example:



- **3** Select the server instance from the drop-down list.
- 4 Click Deploy.

#### **Deploy MATLAB Application From Instance Page**

- 1 Select the server instance from the leftmost menu.
- 2 Select the **Applications** tab.
- 3 Click the **+Deploy** button at the top.
- 4 Select the archive from the **Deploy Existing Archive** pop-up.
- 5 Confirm by clicking **Deploy**.

**Note** You can also upload and deploy a new archive by clicking the drop-down arrow in the **+Deploy** button.



### See Also

#### **Related Procedures**

- "Undeploy MATLAB Application" on page 3-6
- "Determine Server Instances Where Application is Deployed" on page 3-10

## **Undeploy MATLAB Application**

#### In this section...

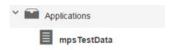
"Undeploy MATLAB Application From Applications Page" on page 3-6

"Undeploy MATLAB Application From Instance Page" on page 3-6

#### **Undeploy MATLAB Application From Applications Page**

1 Select the application from the leftmost menu.

#### For example:



**2** Locate the server instance from which to undeploy the application.

The server instances on which the application is deployed are listed in the **Deployed on** column.

**3** Click the - button next to the selected instance.

#### For example:



4 Confirm by clicking **Undeploy**.

#### **Undeploy MATLAB Application From Instance Page**

- 1 Select the server instance from the leftmost menu.
- 2 Select the **Applications** tab.
- 3 Locate the selected application in the list of deployed applications.
- 4 Click the **-Undeploy** button next to the selected application.
- 5 Confirm by clicking **Undeploy**.

## See Also

### **Related Procedures**

- "Deploy MATLAB Application" on page 3-4
- "Determine Server Instances Where Application is Deployed" on page 3-10

## **Update MATLAB Application**

#### In this section...

"Add New Version to Application" on page 3-8

"Remove Version from Application" on page 3-8

#### Add New Version to Application

When you add a new version to an application, you add a new deployable archive to the collection.

- 1 Select the application from the leftmost menu.
- 2 Click +New Version.
- **3** In the file browser that opens, select the deployable archive to upload.
- 4 In the **Comment** field, provide an optional reason for uploading the new version.

The comment provides details about the differences between the newer version and the older versions. For example, a useful comment may be:

Updated application to accept a thrid variance paremeter.

5 Click Upload.

#### Remove Version from Application

When you remove a version from an application, you delete a deployable archive from the collection.

- 1 Select the application from the leftmost menu.
- **2** Locate the version to be removed.
- **3** Click the trash can icon button next to the selected version.
- 4 Confirm by clicking **Delete**.

#### See Also

#### **Related Procedures**

"Add MATLAB Application" on page 3-3

- "Deploy MATLAB Application" on page 3-4
- "Undeploy MATLAB Application" on page 3-6

## Determine Server Instances Where Application is Deployed

Select an application from the left-most navigation pane to display an information page. The information page lists:

- the name of the archive file
- a description
- · when the application was uploaded
- when the application was deployed to a server instance

#### See Also

#### **Related Procedures**

- "Deploy MATLAB Application" on page 3-4
- "Undeploy MATLAB Application" on page 3-6

## Set Up MATLAB Production Server Dashboard

- "Set Up and Log In to MATLAB Production Server Dashboard" on page 4-2
- "Remove MATLAB Production Server Dashboard" on page 4-6

## Set Up and Log In to MATLAB Production Server Dashboard

#### In this section...

"Set Up the Dashboard" on page 4-2

"Log In to the Dashboard" on page 4-5

"Reset the Admin Password" on page 4-5

#### Set Up the Dashboard

Warning You must have admin privileges on Windows to complete setup.

To set up an instance of the MATLAB Production Server dashboard:

Open a Terminal or Command Window, and navigate to the dashboard folder in the MATLAB Production Server installation directory.

Platform	Default Directory Where the MATLAB Production Server dashboard is Installed		
	C:\Program Files\MATLAB\MATLAB Production Server \R2017b\dashboard		
Linux	/usr/local/MATLAB/MATLAB_Production_Server/R2017b/dashboard		

Execute the script mps-dashboard with the setup option, and when prompted, specify the directory for dashboard setup. You must have write privileges to the directory from where you are running the mps-dashboard script, and to the directory where the dashboard is going to be set up.

Platform	Script for Dashboard Setup	ı				
	ndows					
	> mps-dashboard.bat setup Specify a workspace directory for MATLAB Production Server I	Dashboard:				

Platform	Script for Dashboard Setup				
Linux	\$ ./mps-dashboard.sh setup				
	For example:				
	\$ ./mps-dashboard.sh setup Specify a workspace directory for MATLAB Production Server Dashboard: /opt	/mps/dashboa			

You receive a message acknowledging that the dashboard has been successfully setup.

**Tip** To directly specify a directory when setting up the dashboard, use the -C option after the setup option and provide a directory name.

For example, in Windows: > mps-dashboard.bat setup -C D:\mps\dashboard

For example, in Linux: \$ ./mps-dashboard.sh setup -C /opt/mps/dashboard

**Note** For a complete list of options that can be passed to the mps-dashboard script, pass a ? as an option to the mps-dashboard script.

For example, in Windows type:

> mps-dashboard.bat ?

In Linux, type:

\$ ./mps-dashboard.sh ?

The complete list of options are:

setup | start | stop | remove | reset admin password

**Note** Windows only: If your setup fails when using the command > mps-dashboard.bat setup, verify that your system has Visual C++ Redistributable Packages for Visual Studio® 2013 installed.

You can also fix this issue by appending your system path with <code>\$MPS\_ROOT/bin/win64</code> where <code>\$MPS\_ROOT</code> is the directory where MATLAB Production Server is installed.

**3** Execute the mps-dashboard script with the start option to start the dashboard.

Platform	Script to Start Dashboard
Windows (Administrato r)	> mps-dashboard.bat start
Linux	\$ ./mps-dashboard.sh start

You will get a message indicating the host and port where the dashboard is running. The default host and port are localhost and 9090, respectively.

**Tip** Windows only: To run the dashboard instance as a background process in Windows, precede the mps-dashboard script with command start /B.

For example: > start /B mps-dashboard.bat start

**Note** You can change the default port used by dashboard by editing the -- node\_server\_port option in config.txt file. You can find the config.txt file here:

Platform	Location of config.txt File		
Windows	C:\Program Files\MATLAB\MATLAB Production Server \R2017b\dashboard\config\config.txt		
Linux	/usr/local/MATLAB/MATLAB_Production_Server/R2017b/dashboard/config/config.txt		

Other customizations to the setup process can be made by editing relevant parts of the config.txt file.

4 Open a web browser, and type the host and port number that were displayed in the previous step.

For example:

http://localhost:9090

#### Log In to the Dashboard

To log in to MATLAB Production Server Dashboard follow this procedure:

1 Open a web browser, and type the host and port number that were displayed at the end of the install process.

#### For example:

http://localhost:9090

**2** Type the following information at the login screen for the username and password:

Username: admin

Password: admin

You are now logged into the MATLAB Production Server Dashboard.

#### Reset the Admin Password

You can use the mps-dashboard script with the option reset\_admin\_password to change the admin password.

Platform	Script to Reset the Admin Password			
Windows (Administrator	> mps-dashboard.bat reset_admin_password			
Linux	\$ ./mps-dashboard.sh reset_admin_password			

Warning The reset\_admin\_password option should not be executed while dashboard is still running. First, stop dashboard execution using the mps-dashboard script with the stop option and then reset the admin password.

#### See Also

#### **Related Examples**

• "Remove MATLAB Production Server Dashboard" on page 4-6

#### Remove MATLAB Production Server Dashboard

To remove MATLAB Production Server Dashboard:

1 Open a Terminal or Command Window, and navigate to the dashboard folder in the MATLAB Production Server installation directory.

Platform	Default Directory Where MATLAB Production Server Dashboard is Installed		
	C:\Program Files\MATLAB\MATLAB Production Server \R2017b\dashboard		
Linux	/usr/local/MATLAB/MATLAB_Production_Server/R2017b/dashboard		

**2** Execute the mps-dashboard script with the stop option.

Platform	Script to Stop Dashboard
Windows (Administrato r)	> mps-dashboard.bat stop
Linux	\$ ./mps-dashboard.sh stop

**Note** You need to complete this step only if dashboard is running.

3 Execute the mps-dashboard script with the remove option.

Platform	Script to Remove Dashboard			
Windows (Administrato r)	> mps-dashboard.bat remove			
Linux	\$ ./mps-dashboard.sh remove			

You receive a message acknowledging that dashboard was successfully removed.

**Note** Attempting to remove the dashboard while it is still running will result in an error.

The procedure will remove the following directories and files from the directory where dashboard was set up:

```
data
mps_workspace
.pid
```

If you run into any issues while removing dashboard, manually delete the .pid file and re-run the mps-dashboard script with the remove option.

**Note** In Linux, if you started the dashboard using the & control operator, you don't need to open a new Terminal. The & control operator makes command run in the background.

In Windows, if dashboard is running, you will not have access to the command prompt. Therefore, you need to open a new Command Window to stop any running dashboard instances.

**Note** Removing dashboard does not uninstall it from the system. It removes the instance that was set up. The dashboard remains installed as part of MATLAB Production Server. If you want to set up the dashboard again, use the mps-dashboard script with the setup option.

#### See Also

#### Related Examples

"Set Up and Log In to MATLAB Production Server Dashboard" on page 4-2

# Configuration Properties— Alphabetical List

## auto-deploy-root

Folder the server instance scans for deployable archives

## **Syntax**

```
--auto-deploy-root path
```

## **Description**

--auto-deploy-root path specifies the folder the server instance scans for deployable archives. Deployable archives placed in this folder are automatically unpacked and deployed when the instance is started. No restart is necessary when a deployable archive is added, updated, or removed. Many instances may share a single auto-deploy-root. Using this folder allows near-simultaneous hot deployment to multiple instances. The folder is scanned every five seconds for changes.

#### **Parameters**

path

Path to the folder scanned for deployable archives relative to the server instance's root folder.

## **Examples**

Scan the auto\_deploy folder for deployable archives to hot deploy.

```
--auto-deploy-root ./auto_deploy
```

## cors-allowed-origins

Specify the domain origins from which clients are allowed to make requests to the server

## Description

cors-allowed-origins specifies the set of domains origins from which clients are allowed to make requests to a MATLAB Production Server instance. Cross-Origin Resource Sharing or CORS defines a way in which client-side web applications and a server can interact to safely determine whether or not to allow a cross-origin request. Most clients such as browsers use the XMLHttpRequest object to make a cross-domain request. This is especially true for client code written using JavaScript®. For MATLAB Production Server to support such requests cors-allowed-origins must be enabled on the server.

#### **Parameters**

\*

Requests from any domain origin are allowed access to the sever.

LIST

Requests from a list of comma-separated domain origins are allowed access to the server.

## **Examples**

Requests from any domain origin are allowed access to the sever.

Requests from a specific list of domain origins are allowed access to the server.

#### See Also

http

## disable-control-c

Disable keyboard interruptions for server instance

## **Description**

 ${\tt disable-control-c}\ disables\ keyboard\ interruption\ for\ the\ server\ instance.\ The\ server\ instance\ does\ not\ respond\ to\ CTRL-C.$ 

## hide-matlab-error-stack

Hide the MATLAB stack from the clients

## **Description**

hide-matlab-error-stack controls whether the MATLAB stack is exposed to the client. The stack can be sent to the client during development and debug phase, but can be turned off in production.

## http

URL that server instance uses for insecure connections

## **Description**

http specifies the interface port and optional address or host name.

#### **Parameters**

host

Host name, or IP address, of the machine running the server instance. If not specified, the server binds to any available interface.

port

Port number the server instance uses to accept connections. 0 specifies bind to any available port.

## **Examples**

Restrict access to the HTTP interface to local clients only, port 9910.

```
localhost:9910
```

Bind to any free port.

0

Bind to a specific IP address and port.

```
234.27.101.3:9920
```

Bind to a specific host name on any free port

```
my.hostname.com:0
```

## http-linger-threshold

Amount of data the server instance discards after an HTTP error and before the server instance closes the TCP connection

## **Description**

http-linger-threshold sets the amount of data a server instance reads after an error. If an HTTP request is rejected and the server instance sends back an HTTP error response such as HTTP 404/413, the server instance does not close the TCP connection immediately. Instead it waits for the client to shut down the TCP connection. This ensures that the client receives the HTTP error response sent by the server instance. During this time, the server instance receives, and discards, data from the client, until the amount of data received equals http-linger-threshold. After that, the server instance resets the TCP connection.

By default, the threshold is unlimited and the server instance waits to receive the whole HTTP request.

#### **Parameters**

size

Amount of data received before the TCP connection is reset.

## **Examples**

Set the linger threshold to be 64 MB.

64MB

Set the linger threshold to be 32 KB.

32KB

Set the linger threshold to be 1024 B.

1024

## https

URL that server instance uses for secure connections

## **Description**

https specifies the interface port and optional address or host name.

#### **Parameters**

host

Host name, or IP address, of the machine running the server instance. If not specified, the server binds to any available interface.

port

Port number the server instance uses to accept connections. 0 specifies bind to any available port.

## **Examples**

Restrict access to the HTTP interface to local clients only, port 9920.

```
localhost:9920
```

Bind to any free port.

0

Bind to a specific IP address and port.

```
234.27.101.3:9920
```

Bind to a specific host name on any free port

```
my.hostname.com:0
```

#### license

Locations searched for valid licenses

## **Description**

license specifies the license servers or the license files used by the server instance. You can specify multiple license sources with this option.

If this option is not specified, the server searches in the default locations for the license files.

#### **Parameters**

pathList

Path to one or more license servers or license files. Multiple entries are separated by the appropriate path separator for the platform.

## **Examples**

A Unix server looks for licenses using a license server hosted on port 27000 of hostA and in /opt/license/license.dat.

27000@hostA:/opt/license/license.dat

A Windows server looks for licenses using a license server hosted on port 27000 of hostA and in c:\license\license.dat.

27000@hostA;c:\license\license.dat

## license-grace-period

Maximum length of time the server instance responds to HTTP requests after license server heartbeat has been lost

## **Description**

license-grace-period specifies the grace period, which starts at the first heartbeat loss event. Once the grace period expires, the server instance rejects any new incoming HTTP requests.

The default grace period is 2 hours 30 minutes. The maximum value is 2 hours 30 minutes. The minimum value is 10 minutes.

#### **Parameters**

hr

Hours in interval.

min

Minutes in interval.

sec

Seconds in interval.

fractSec

Fractional seconds in interval.

## **Examples**

The grace period lasts for 1 hour, 29 minutes, 5 seconds.

1:29:05

The grace period lasts for 10 minutes and 250 ms.

00:10:00.25

## license-poll-interval

Interval of time before license server is polled to verify and check out a valid license after the grace period expires

## **Description**

license-poll-interval specifies interval at which the server instance polls the license server after the license server has timed out or after the grace period has expired.

The default poll interval is 10 minutes. The minimum value is 10 minutes.

#### **Parameters**

hr

Hours in interval.

min

Minutes in interval.

sec

Seconds in interval.

fractSec

Fractional seconds in interval.

## **Examples**

Poll for licenses at intervals of 1 hour, 29 minutes, 5 seconds.

1:29:05

Poll for licenses at intervals of 10 minutes and 250 ms.

00:10:00.25

## log-archive-max-size

Maximum size of the log archive folder

## **Description**

log-archive-max-size specifies the maximum size to which the log archive folder can grow before old log files are deleted.

If this property is not specified, then the log archive grows without limit.

#### **Parameters**

size

Size, in bytes, of the archive folder.

## **Examples**

Reap log archives when they reach 5 MB.

5MB

## log-rotation-size

Size at which the log is archived

## **Description**

log-rotation-size specifies the maximum size to which the log can grow before it is rotated into the archive area. If specified as less than 1 MB, a warning is issued and the effective size is increased to 1 MB.

No entry signifies that logs are never archived.

#### **Parameters**

size

Size, in bytes, of the log file.

## **Examples**

Rotate logs when they reach 5 MB.

5MB

## log-severity

Severity at which messages are logged

## **Description**

log-severity specifies the level of detail at which to add information to the main log.

#### **Parameters**

level

Severity threshold at which messages are logged. Valid values are:

- error Notification of problems or unexpected results.
- warning Events that could lead to problems if not addressed.
- information High-level information about major server events.
- trace Detailed information about the internal state of the server.

The levels are cumulative; specifying information implies warning and error.

## **Examples**

Enable all log messages.

trace

#### mcr-root

Location of a MATLAB Runtime installation

## **Description**

mcr-root specifies the location of an installed MATLAB Runtime instance.

#### Note

• A server instance should only be configured to use MATLAB Runtime roots on a local file system. Otherwise, a network partition may cause worker processes to fail.

#### **Parameters**

path

Path to the root folder of the MATLAB Runtime installation.

## **Examples**

Use the v80 version of the MATLAB Runtime.

/usr/local/MCR/v80

#### See Also

#### num-threads

Number of request-processing threads within the server instance

## Description

num-threads sets the size of the thread pool available to process requests. Server instances do not allocate a unique thread to each client connection. Rather, when data is available on a connection, the required processing is scheduled on the pool of threads in the server main process.

The threads in this pool do not directly evaluate MATLAB functions. There is a single thread within each worker process that executes MATLAB code on behalf of the client.

Set this parameter to 1, and increase it only if the expected load consists of a high volume of short-running requests. This strategy ensures that the available processor resources are balanced between MATLAB function evaluation and processing client-server requests. There is usually no benefit to increasing this parameter to more than the number of available cores.

#### **Parameters**

count

Number of threads available in the thread pool.

This value must be one or greater.

## **Examples**

Create a pool of 10 threads for processing requests.

10

### num-workers

Maximum number of workers allowed to process work simultaneously

# **Description**

num-workers defines the number of concurrent MATLAB execution requests that can be processed simultaneously. It should correspond to the number of hardware threads available on the local host.

### **Parameters**

count

Number of workers available evaluate functions.

This value must be one or greater.

The maximum value is determined by the number of license keys available for MATLAB Production Server.

## **Examples**

Allow 10 workers to process requests at a time.

10

# profile

Turn profiling on or off

# **Description**

profile turns profiling on or off.

**Note** Activating profiling has a negative impact on performance.

### ssl-allowed-clients

MATLAB programs a client can access

## **Description**

ssl-allowed-clients authorizes clients based on the client certificate common name. Only authorized clients can request the evaluation of MATLAB functions.

If there are no archive names following the common name, the client can access all of the deployed archives. Otherwise, the client can access only the specified archives.

#### **Parameters**

client

Common name of the client.

archive

Name of an archive the clients can access.

# **Examples**

Allow client1 and client2 to access magic.ctf and helloworld.ctf.

client1, client2:magic, helloworld

# ssl-ciphers

List of cipher suites to use

## **Description**

ssl-ciphers provides a list of cipher suites the server instance can use.

#### **Parameters**

ciphers

Cipher suites the server instance uses for encryption. Valid values are:

- ALL Use all available cipher suites except eNULL.
- HIGH Use all available high encryption cipher suites.
- list Comma-separated list of cipher suites to use.

All OpenSSL configuration strings can be passed with the ciphers. This provides finer control over the selected cipher.

# **Examples**

Use only high encryption cipher suites.

HIGH

Disable the use of ADH ciphers.

ALL:!ADH

Use the strongest available ECDHE ciphers.

ALL:@STRENGTH

Disable the use of ADH ciphers and use the strongest available ECDHE ciphers.

ALL: ! ADH@STRENGTH

# ssl-protocols

List of allowed SSL protocols

# **Description**

ssl-protocols lists the allowed protocols. The default behavior is to attempt to use TLSv1.2. If this property is not set, the server allows all protocols.

### **Parameters**

protocols

Comma-separated list of allowed protocols. Valid entries are:

- TLSv1
- SSLv2
- SSLv3

# **Examples**

Allow only TLSv1.

TLSv1

# ssl-tmp-dh-param

File containing a pregenerated ephemeral DH key

## **Description**

ssl-tmp-dh-param specifies the path to the pre-generated ephemeral DH key. If this parameter is not provided, the server instance automatically generates the DH key at start-up. Providing a pre-generated DH key can decrease instance start time.

#### **Parameters**

path

Path to the pre-generated DH key. Relative and absolute paths are valid.

## **Examples**

The instance loads the DH key from dh\_param.pem which is located at instance root/x509.

./x509/dh param.pem

# ssl-tmp-ec-param

Elliptical curve used in ECDHE ciphers

# **Syntax**

```
--ssl-tmp-ec-param elliptic curve name
```

## **Description**

--ssl-tmp-ec-param *elliptic\_curve\_name* specifies the name of the elliptical curve used in ECDHE ciphers.

If this property is not specified, all ECDHE ciphers will be removed from the list of ciphers available for secure communication.

### **Parameters**

```
elliptic_curve_name
```

Named of curve. All curves supported by OpenSSL are supported.

## **Examples**

Use the prime256v1 curve.

```
--ssl-tmp-ec-param prime256v1
```

# ssl-verify-peer-mode

Level of client verification the server instance requires

## **Description**

ssl-verify-peer-mode specifies if the server requires clients to present a valid certificate to connect. Server instances can allow clients to connect with or without providing a valid certificate. All requests will still require authorization.

#### **Parameters**

mode

Mode used to authenticate clients. Valid values are:

- no-verify-peer No peer certificate verification. The client side does not need to provide a certificate.
- verify-peer-require-peer-cert The client must provide a certificate and the certificate will be verified.

The default is no-verify-peer.

## **Examples**

Require clients to provide a certificate.

verify-peer-require-peer-cert

# worker-memory-check-interval

Interval at which workers are polled for memory usage

## **Description**

worker-memory-check-interval specifies how often to poll the memory usage of a worker process. This setting affects the behavior of all other settings that act based on worker memory usage such as worker-memory-trigger, worker-memory-target, and worker-restart-memory-limit.

#### **Parameters**

hr

Hours in interval.

min

Minutes in interval.

sec

Seconds in interval.

fractSec

Fractional seconds in interval.

## **Examples**

Check memory usage every one and a half minutes.

0:01:30

#### See Also

worker-restart-memory-limit | worker-restart-memory-limit-interval

**Topics**"Control Worker Restarts" on page 1-16

### worker-restart-interval

Time interval at which a server instance stops and restarts its workers

# **Description**

worker-restart-interval specifies the interval at which the server instance stops and restarts its worker processes. If this setting is not given, the workers are not restarted in response to time.

#### **Parameters**

hr

Hours in interval.

min

Minutes in interval.

sec

Seconds in interval.

fractSec

Fractional seconds in interval.

# **Examples**

Restart workers at intervals of 1 hour, 29 minutes, 5 seconds.

1:29:05

Restart workers at intervals of 10 minutes and 250 ms.

00:10:00.25

# See Also

# Topics

"Control Worker Restarts" on page 1-16

# worker-restart-memory-limit

Size threshold at which to consider restarting a worker

## **Description**

worker-restart-memory-limit sets the memory usage limit of a worker process. If a worker's working set size exceeds worker-restart-memory-limit for an interval of time greater than worker-restart-memory-limit-interval, then that worker is restarted.

#### **Parameters**

size

Amount of memory used by worker.

## **Examples**

Restart any worker whose working set size exceeds 1 GB for more than 1 hour.

```
Worker Restart Memory Limit 1GB
Worker Eestart Memory Limit Interval 1:00:00
```

#### See Also

worker-memory-check-interval | worker-restart-memory-limit-interval

#### **Topics**

"Control Worker Restarts" on page 1-16

# worker-restart-memory-limit-interval

Interval for which a worker can exceed its memory limit before restart

## **Description**

worker-restart-memory-limit-interval sets the interval for which a worker process can exceed its memory limit before restart. If a worker's working set size exceeds worker-restart-memory-limit for an interval of time greater than worker-restart-memory-limit-interval, then that worker is restarted.

#### **Parameters**

hr

Hours in interval.

min

Minutes in interval.

sec

Seconds in interval.

fractSec

Fractional seconds in interval.

## **Examples**

Restart any worker whose working set size exceeds 1 GB for more than 1 hour.

```
Worker Restart Memory Limit 1GB
Worker Restart Memory Limit Interval 1:00:00
```

#### See Also

worker-memory-check-interval | worker-restart-memory-limit

**Topics**"Control Worker Restarts" on page 1-16

### x509-ca-file-store

File containing the server certificate authority file

## **Description**

x509-ca-file-store specifies the CA file to verify peer certificates. This file contains trusted certificates and certificate revocation lists.

You can also put intermediate certificates into the CA file. An intermediate certificate in the CA file becomes a trusted certificate.

#### **Parameters**

path

Path to the certificate CA file store. Relative and absolute paths are valid.

## **Examples**

The instance loads the CA store from ca\_file.pem which is located at instance\_root/x509.

```
./x509/ca file.pem
```

### x509-cert-chain

File containing the server certificate chain

## **Description**

x509-cert-chain specifies the file storing the server certificate chain file. It contains one or more PEM formatted certificates. The chain begins with the server's certificate. The server's certificate is followed by the chain of untrusted certificates. To use the certificate chain file, specify x509-private-key.

**Note** Trusted certificates should not be put into this file.

#### **Parameters**

path

Path to the certificate chain file. Relative and absolute paths are valid.

# **Examples**

The instance loads the CA store from cert\_chain.pem which is located at instance\_root/x509.

```
./x509/cert chain.pem
```

# x509-passphrase

File containing the passphrase that decodes the private key

## **Description**

x509-passphrase specifies the path to the file containing the passphrase of the encrypted private-key. This is required if x509-private-key is specified and the private key file is encrypted. Otherwise, the private key fails to load.

**Note** This file must be owner read-only.

#### **Parameters**

path

Path to the passphrase file. Relative and absolute paths are valid.

# **Examples**

The instance loads the passphrase from key\_passphrase.pem which is located at instance\_root/x509.

./x509/key passphrase.pem

# x509-private-key

File containing the PEM formatted private key

# **Description**

x509-private-key specifies the path to the private-key. The key should be in PEM format.

If it is not configured, the server instance does not load the private key and the serverside certificates.

#### **Parameters**

path

Path to the PEM formatted private key file. Relative and absolute paths are valid.

## **Examples**

The instance loads the private key from private\_key.pem which is located at instance root/x509.

```
./x509/private_key.pem
```

### x509-use-crl

Use the certificate revocation list

# **Description**

x509-use-crl specifies that the server instance uses the certificate revocation list. By default, instances do not use any certificate revocation lists. In case, the CRLs in the CA store are ignored.

If x509-use-crl is added, the CRLs are loaded and participate in the client certificate verification. If the CRL has expired, the SSL handshake is rejected.

# x509-use-system-store

Use the CA store provided by the system

# **Description**

x509-use-system-store specifies that the server instance uses the system provided CA store. By default, the server uses the file /etc/ssl/certs/ca-certificates.crt as trusted CA store and searches for trusted certificates under the folder /etc/ssl/certs. You can override these locations by setting the environment variables SSL\_CERT\_FILE and SSL\_CERT\_DIR.

# use-single-comp-thread

Start MATLAB Runtime with a single computational thread

# **Syntax**

--use-single-comp-thread

# **Description**

 $-\mbox{--use-single-comp-thread}$  specifies that workers start the MATLAB Runtime with a single computational thread.

# **Examples**

Start the MATLAB Runtime with a single computational thread.

--use-single-comp-thread

# request-timeout

Duration after which the request times out and gets deleted after reaching a terminal state

## **Description**

request-timeout specifies the duration after which the request times out upon reaching a terminal state. At this point, the request gets deleted unless a client process has already deleted the request.

#### **Parameters**

hr

Hours in interval.

min

Minutes in interval.

sec

Seconds in interval.

fractSec

Fractional seconds in interval.

# **Examples**

Set the request to time-out after 2 hours.

### See Also

server-memory-threshold

#### Introduced in R2016b

# server-memory-threshold

Size threshold of server process at which action needs to be taken to manage responses

## **Description**

server-memory-threshold sets the memory size limit of a server process. If a server process's size exceeds SIZE set by server-memory-threshold, then responses need to be either archived or purged by setting server-memory-threshold-overflow-action to archive\_responses or purge\_responses respectively. If server-memory-threshold is not set, then the responses will be bound to the server process causing the memory footprint of the server process to keep increasing. As a best practice, it is recommended that a client process delete a request after usage in order to prevent the memory of the server process from growing.

### **Parameters**

size

Threshold size of the server process.

### **Examples**

Archive responses if the size of the server process in memory exceeds 500 MB.

Purge responses if the size of the server process in memory exceeds 2 GB.

#### See Also

server-memory-threshold-overflow-action

# server-memory-threshold-overflow-action

Action to be taken when memory size threshold of server process has been breached

## **Description**

server-memory-threshold-overflow-action acts by either archiving responses or purging them when the size of the server process in memory set by server-memory-threshold has been breached.

### **Parameters**

```
ACTION archive_responses purge_responses
```

# **Examples**

Archive responses if the size of the server process in memory exceeds 500 MB.

Purge responses if the size of the server process in memory exceeds 2 GB.

#### See Also

server-memory-threshold

# response-archive-root

Path to location where responses are archived

### **Description**

response-archive-root shows the location where responses are archived to indicated by PATH. This option is must be set if the server-memory-threshold-overflow-action option was set to 'archive\_responses'. The server process needs to have read & write permissions to the PATH.

#### **Parameters**

PATH

Location specified as a string.

## **Examples**

Set the archive root.

### See Also

response-archive-limit

# response-archive-limit

Maximum disk space available to the server process for archiving

## **Description**

response-archive-limit specifies the maximum disk space available to the server process for archiving. If the limit set by SIZE is reached, the archives will be deleted in a 'First-In First-Out' order until the space for the server process fall below SIZE. If this limit is not specified, the server process will assume there is no limit to disk usage for archiving.

#### **Parameters**

size

Size of the server process.

# **Examples**

Set the size of the archive to be 5GB

#### See Also

response-archive-root

Introduced in R2016b

# request-size-limit

Set the maximum size of a request

# **Description**

request-size-limit specifies the maximum size of a request specified by size. The default request size is 64MB.

### **Parameters**

size

Size, in bytes, of the request.

# **Examples**

Set the request size to 128MB.

#### See Also

num-threads

### user-data

Associate MATLAB data value with string key

### **Description**

user-data associates MATLAB data value with key string. KEY and VALUE are strings. Use the double quotes (") character around strings with spaces. The backslash (\) character is the escape character and is used to insert double quotes or backslash characters: \" \\. The application can retrieve the data value by using getmcruserdata (key).

#### **Parameters**

KEY VALUE

MATLAB value to be associated with key.

# **Examples**

Set user data with parallel profile settings.

Use quotes.

#### See Also

Introduced in R2016a